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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/705,294	11/10/2003	William Silver	C97-050 CON3	5085	
23459	7590 03/21/2006		EXAMINER		
ARTHUR J. O'DEA			MARIAM, DANIEL G		
LEGAL DEF		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ONE VISION	ORPORATION		TAI EN NOMBER		
	IA 01760-2077	2624			
1	01700 2077	DATE MAILED: 03/21/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicat	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/705,2	94	SILVER ET AL.				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
			G. MARIAM	2625				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	ition appears on th	e cover sheet with the	correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - External after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI nasions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community or to reply its specified above, the maximum statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF T 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e cation. ory period will apply and v , by statute, cause the ap	HIS COMMUNICATIO yent, however, may a reply be tin vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 10 November :	2003					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>10 November 2003</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is							
٧,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
D: '	•	ando: =x pano q	zay.o, 1000 0 .2. 11, 1	30 0.0. 210.				
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>122-157</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>122-125,130,131,134,135,142,144 and 146-157</u> is/are rejected.							
7)🖂	Claim(s) <u>126-129,132,133,136-141,143,145 and 154</u> is/are objected to.							
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.						
-)□ objected to by the	Examiner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	•	foreign priority ur	ndor 35 II C C S 110/a	· · (d) or (f)				
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)ı	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 							
				ed in this National	l Stage			
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO	0481	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
	e of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT		5) Notice of Informal F		O-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/10/2003</u> . 6) Other:								

Application/Control Number: 10/705,294 Page 2

Art Unit: 2625

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. In page 2 of the preliminary amendment to the specification filed November 10, 2003, under the heading Cross Reference to Related Applications", U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/979,588 is not a correct Application number. Appropriate correction is required.

Original Claims

2. While applicants have canceled claims 1-120 of the originally filed claims by the preliminary amendment (See page 1 of the amendment), and have submitted newly added claims 121-156 (See pages 1-4 of the amendment), the originally filed claims in fact contain claims 1-121. Applicant should cancel originally filed claims 1-121.

Claim Objections

3. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Misnumbered claims 121-156 have been renumbered 122-157.

4. Claims 126-127 directly or indirectly depends on claim 122. Claims 125-126 are not examined because of the impermissible dependency recited in claim 125. Claim 125 is objected to because it depends on itself. A claim that depends on itself is not permissible. Dependent claim 125 should refer to a preceding claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 10/705,294 Page 3

Art Unit: 2625

5. Claim 154 is objected to because of the following informalities: the claim does not end with a period. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Independent claim 147 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 146 recites the limitation "... providing additional information at respective additional positions within the region of the image that includes the boundary points." Which is unclear. How does an ordinary artisan generates additional information (which is a generic term) without first having some known information to start with? Unless applicant is interpreting the chain of boundary points as such, and if so applicant should be using the same to be clear and consistent.

Since claims 148-157 directly or indirectly depend on claim 147, they are also rejected under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, for the same reason set forth above for claim 147.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 122-125 and 134 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipate by Gee, et al. (5,459,636).

Art Unit: 2625

With regard to claim 122, Gee, et al. discloses a method of training a model pattern for use in geometric pattern matching (See for example, col. 1, lines 40-50), the method comprising: obtaining a digital image of an object (See for example, col. 4, lines 2-16); detecting boundary points, i.e., edge/contour points, in the digital image (See for example, col. 4, lines 11-16, and 36-43); generating information, i.e., minimum distance vector, about the boundary points for inclusion in said model pattern, the information being stored as a function of position within a region of the image that includes the boundary points (in Gee, et al. a minimum distance vector is applied to a neural network that is adapted to estimate translation, rotation, and scaling adjustments that are to be made to the model data. Outputs of the neural network are applied to position and orientation adjustment module that adjusts the position of the model data relative to the edge data of the target object (See for example, col. 4, lines 16-28. Additionally, applicant's attention is invited to lines 13-33).

With regard to claim 123, the method of claim 122, wherein the information is stored as a function of real-valued position within the region of the image that includes the boundary points (See for example, col.5, lines 17-47).

With regard to claim 124, the method of claim 122, wherein the information is stored at discrete points on a grid using a two-dimensional array, i.e., x and y component of the vectors (See col. 4, line 37 – col. 5, line 47).

With regard to claim 125, the method of claim 122, wherein generating information about the boundary points results in information that is a vector-valued function, i.e., minimum distance vector, position within the region of the image that includes the boundary points (See for example, Figs. 3-5).

Application/Control Number: 10/705,294

Art Unit: 2625

With regard to claim 134, the method of claim 122, wherein generating information about the boundary points includes: determine neighboring boundary points for each boundary point (to determine the minimum distance vector (discussed above in claim 122) between points would inherently require the determination of neighboring boundary points for each boundary point).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 130-131, 135, 142, 144 and 146 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gee, et al. (5,459,636) in view of Irie, et al. (5,555,320).

With regard to claim 135, Gee, et al. discloses all of the claimed subject matter as already discussed above in claim 134, and the arguments are not repeated herein, but are incorporated by reference. Gee, et al. does not expressly call for connecting neighboring boundary points to provide at least one chain of boundary points. However, Irie, et al. (See Fig. 4, where the moon shaped region is enclosed by chain of boundary points) teaches this feature. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching as taught by Irie, et al into the system of Gee, et al, and to do so would at least improve the recognition process, and minimizes the processing time.

With regard to claim 130, the method of claim 122, wherein generating the information about the boundary points includes a sequence of propagation events, each propagation event providing additional information at respective additional positions within the region of the image

Application/Control Number: 10/705,294

Art Unit: 2625

that includes the boundary points (See the event shown from Fig. 4 into Fig. 5, where the distribution "D" is transformed into "D1" of Irie, et al; and Figs. 3-5 of Gee, et al).

With regard to claim 131, the method of claim 129, wherein positions within the region of the image that includes the boundary points are initialized to a pre-defined value before the sequence of propagation events (Which reads on the distribution "D" of Irie, et al).

With regard to claim 142, the method of claim 135, wherein generating information about the boundary points includes: using at least one chain of boundary points to carry out at least one propagation event, each propagation event providing additional information at respective additional positions within the region of the image that includes the boundary points (See Figs. 3-5 of Gee, et al.; and Figs. 4-5 of Irie, et al)

With regard to claim 144, the method of claim 135, wherein each propagation event provides a plurality of vectors, each vector indicating a distance and direction toward a pattern boundary that includes a plurality of pattern boundary points (See for example, Fig. 4 of Irie, et al.; and Figs. 4-5 of Gee, et al).

With regard to claim 146, the method of claim 142, wherein the number of propagation events is determined by a parameter, i.e., feature vector distribution "D" (See Fig. 4 of Irie, et al).

12. Claims 147-148 and 155 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irie, et al. (5,555,320).

With regard to claim 147, Irie, et al. discloses a method of training a model pattern for use in geometric pattern matching (See Figure 1), the method comprising: obtaining a digital image of an object (See for example, item 1, in Figure 1); detecting boundary points in the digital image (which corresponds to feature extraction (3) in Fig. 1; and the feature vector distribution shown

Art Unit: 2625

in Fig. 4, where each point corresponds to a feature vector on the contour/boundary of the crescent shape); connecting the boundary points to provide at least one chain of boundary points (the points shown around the boundary of the crescent shaped image, are in fact connected to provide the moon shaped region generated by connecting the points that encloses the image "LO", as shown in Fig. 4); using at least one chain of boundary points to carry out at least one propagation event, each propagation event providing additional information at respective additional positions within the region of the image that includes the boundary points (which corresponds to the transformation of the crescent distribution of points "D" of Fig. 4, into a transformed distribution "D1" shown in Fig. 5). Although Irie, et al. does not expressly identify the distribution shown in Fig. 4 using a specific language "boundary points" it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to interpret the feature vector distribution represented by point features shown in Fig. 4 as points that are distributed along the crescent shaped image to literally mean boundary points.

With regard to claim 148, the method of claim 147, wherein connecting the boundary points includes: identifying neighboring boundary points for each boundary point (See for example, Figs. 4-5).

With regard to claim 155, the method of claim 147, wherein each propagation event provides a plurality of vectors, each vector indicating a distance and direction toward a pattern boundary that includes a plurality of pattern boundary points (See for example, Fig. 4).

Application/Control Number: 10/705,294

Art Unit: 2625

Allowable Subject Matter

Page 8

13. Claims 128-129, 132-133, 136-141, 143, and 145 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent Numbers: 5,796,868 and 5,912,985.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL G. MARIAM whose telephone number is 571-272-7394. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30) FIRST FRIDAY OFF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, MATTHEW BELLA can be reached on 571-272-7778. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DANIEL G MARIAM Primary Examiner Art Unit 2625